## Exam I

## Exam Date: May 24th (Monday) Exam Length: 100 minutes

- Please submit your work on Blackboard between 09:00 am and 11:59 pm.
- You are required to submit your work as a single pdf.
- Please make sure your handwriting is clear enough to read. Thanks.
- You will be allowed to use your notes and the book during the exam.
- No collaborations are allowed.
- No consulting any online sources is allowed.
- No late work will be accepted.
- Total score: 100 points.

(1) Solve the following congruences.

- (a) [10 points]  $5x \equiv 1 \pmod{13}$
- (b) [**10 points**]  $12x \equiv 40 \pmod{88}$
- (2) [20 points] Let  $S = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x \neq 3\}$ . Define \* on S by a \* b = 12 3a 3b + ab.

Prove that (S, \*) is a group.

(3) [15 points] Let  $(G, \cdot)$  be an abelian group with identity element e. Let

$$H = \{ a \in G \mid a \cdot a \cdot a \cdot a = e \}.$$

Prove that H is a subgroup of G.

- (4) (a) [6 points] Find the cyclic subgroup of  $S_8$  generated by the element (135)(68).
  - (b) [7 points] Find a subgroup H of  $S_8$  that contains 15 elements. You do not have to list all of the elements in H. Just prove it. That is, Prove that H (the one you find) is a subgroup of order 15 in  $S_8$ .
- (5) [15 points] Let G be a group and the center of G is defined as

 $Z(G) = \{ x \in G \mid xg = gx \text{ for all } g \in G \}.$ 

In Homework 3 (7), we have showed that the center Z(G) is a subgroup of G. Let H be a subgroup of G. Prove that the set

$$HZ(G) = \{hz \mid h \in H, z \in Z(G)\}$$

is a subgroup of G.

- (6) (a) [5 points] What is the order of  $([15]_{20}, [20]_{24})$  in  $\mathbb{Z}_{20} \times \mathbb{Z}_{24}$ ?
  - (b) [6 points] What is the largest order of an element in  $\mathbf{Z}_{20} \times \mathbf{Z}_{24}$ ? And use your answer to show that  $\mathbf{Z}_{20} \times \mathbf{Z}_{24}$  is not cyclic.
  - (c) [6 points] Let  $G = \mathbf{Z}_{10}^{\times} \times \mathbf{Z}_{10}^{\times}$ . Let  $H = \langle (3,7) \rangle$  and  $K = \langle (7,7) \rangle$ . Find HK in G. Here, (3,7) means ( $[3]_{10}, [7]_{10}$ ). Just use this simplified notations in your answer.